

Semi-Weekly Interior Journal.

VOL. XIV.

STANFORD, KY., TUESDAY, MAY 12, 1885.

NO. 20.

Semi-Weekly Interior Journal

Published Tuesdays and Fridays

\$2.00 PER ANNUM

When paid strictly in advance. If we have to wait any time, \$2.50 will be charged.

W. P. WALTON.

TO THE DEMOCRACY OF LINCOLN.

The Senatorial District Committee having fixed Saturday, May 16th, between the hours of 2 and 4 P. M., for the holding of precinct meetings to ascertain the choice of the people between the candidates for the Senate, I hereby call your attention to the matter and state the manner of procedure.

The precinct meeting shall be called to order and presided over by the County Committee of that precinct. If present, if not, the meeting shall be organized by electing its own chairman and secretary. Then the supporters of each candidate present shall be counted and the candidate receiving the majority shall be entitled to the entire vote of the precinct. Delegates shall then be appointed and the Secretary shall certify their names to the convention, which meets in Stanford May 23rd at 1 o'clock. Each precinct shall be entitled to one vote for each 50 votes cast therein for Gov. Knott at the August election 1883 and one for every fraction over 25. Provided, that in any case every precinct shall be entitled to at least one vote, if such precinct cast as many as 5 votes.

Under this arrangement Crab Orchard shall be entitled to 4 votes; Walnut Flat to 2; Stanford to 11; Highland to 1; Wayneburg to 3; Turnersville to 3 and Hustonsville to 5.

It is further suggested that in the selection of the chairman and secretary that a supporter of each candidate be chosen. Urging that there be a general turning out of the party and that none but known democrats be counted, I am, respectfully,

J. E. LYNN, Com.

By W. P. Walton, Secy.

HORSEMEN AND HORSES.

By a Painter

Ekborn, 11 years old by Australian, dam Ekborna, by Lexington, sold at Crab Orchard, Ill., for \$1,000.

Wonderment, Ten Brier, Pearl Jennings and Favor were the winners of the Lexington races Saturday.

John B. Todd, Lexington, sold last week one saddle gelding for \$502, one combined gelding for \$400, one for \$300 and one for \$202.

Harry Gillmore, of Versailles, sold to Mr. Withers, Hopkinsville, a yearling by Simmons, dam by Flying Hints, for \$500.

R. C. Pate's fleet gelding, Ascender, by Imp. Bucklen, dam Ascension, by Australian, has broken down at Nashville, which destroys his chances for the Louisville Merchants stakes. Peacock broke down also and was sold for \$200.

At the McFarren-Venue sale from the fleet, of Danville, bought Nectar, 2 years old, by Danville, dam Nectar, for \$500, and Nautica, 2 years old, by Nautica, dam Nautica, for \$100. W. E. McFarren, a former Danville, bought Greendale, 3 years old, by Princess, dam Florence, \$100, and Highland, 2 years old, \$25. Lucas Brodhead, the competent and thoroughly game steeple chaser at Woodburn, bought Hottotops, 2 years old, by Phoenix, dam Hottotop, for \$200. Hottotop's yearling was bought by Danville, who bought \$100. L. L. Dwyer's imported gave an exhibition half mile trial in 1:27, 1st quarter, 0:31, 2d quarter, 0:34, 3d quarter, 0:37, 4th quarter, 0:40. Mr. Dwyer declined an offer of \$10,000 for him. Wilkins, for two, Wilkes, dam Lady Patten, sold for \$2,000. The stock sold to many different places.

The running at Lexington has been so remarkably irregular that a satisfactory conclusion is likely to be far from. Freeman did a mile in 1:27, 1st quarter, 0:31, 2d quarter, 0:34, 3d quarter, 0:37, 4th quarter, 0:40. The best performance of the two. But then the track was fast. Then Ten Brier gave a beautiful beating at the same distance of 2:10, track heavy. Joe Cotton, who had taken all to all was a better race than either of the above, says Ten Brier's mile and a half to that, and Ten Brier's mile and eighth in 1:40 was good, but he only carried 91 pounds and he is a great horse, if after running the two races recently he can win the Derby. Of the foregoing we like Joe Cotton's chance best, with Freeman for 2d. But of the horses that have been beaten I must be true that some were not quite up to their horns and are dangerous, while of those that have not started, good reports are plentiful, but nothing can be positively known. Satisfied all together we think Joe Cotton, Irish Pat and Freeman will be the placed horses in the order named, with Bieron, Ten Brier and Doubt close up. The latter, if he comes up to his form, we like as well as any horse. If Lizzie Dwyer keeps her form the Oaks at her mercy, and the same may be said of Modesty, in the Marchion.

The Boston Globe says: "President Cleveland was elected by nearly five millions of democrats, and we firmly believe that he understands and appreciates that fact. They expect him to give the country a clean and honest administration, and he evidently means to do just that, nothing more, nothing less. The democratic party desired him to move slowly in the matter of changes, as they have had no wish for a revolution or violent shocks which would disturb and alarm the business men of the country. Consequently the party has been patient and willing to allow time for a thorough examination of details and a mastery of all the questions affecting the Administration."

It can not be denied that a whipping-post law is gaining favor with the people. It is a good law, and petty thieves and wife beaters are none too good to feel the force of it. —[Chicago Times.]

NOTES OF CURRENT EVENTS.

—Queen Emma, of the Sandwich Islands, died at Honolulu April 25th.

—Snow to the depth of nearly three inches fell at Chardon, Ohio, Saturday.

—Patrick Horner, a wife-murderer, has been sentenced to be hanged at Cincinnati, September 3.

—Gen. Jos. F. Robinson, at a meeting of Directors of the Kentucky Racing Association, was unanimously re-elected President.

—E. O. Graves, Assistant Treasurer of the United States, has been appointed Chief of the Bureau of Engraving and Printing.

—Albert Jones, a noted negro desperado, was sent to the penitentiary from Somerset for two years for shooting Bill Miller, of Danville.

—Portezai and Cocobolo, the two rebels who started the fire which burned Colon, were hanged amidst the ruins of that city Wednesday.

—Postmaster General Vilas has notified members of Congress that they must determine the postmasters of the fourth class for their respective districts.

—Dr. John E. W. Thompson, appointed Minister Resident and Consul General to Haiti, is a colored man, a native of Brooklyn and a graduate of Yale.

—The jury in the Tom Crittenden case for killing a negro in cold blood were discharged, standing 10 for acquittal and 2 for the penitentiary. It is generally thought he ought to be hung.

—The special election for State Senator in the Thirty-fourth Illinois district, to fill a vacancy caused by death, resulted in a Republican victory. This gives Logan 103 votes—enough to elect him.

—At Harrodsburg, the jury sentenced Harry McAfee to eight years in the penitentiary for killing John Claybourn last October. The grand jury also indicted Policeman Joe Crain for murder in killing Jake Donahue last week.

—The President has appointed Geo. V. N. Lothrop, of Michigan, to succeed Minister Taft at the Court of St. Petersburg. Mr. Lothrop is 50 years of age, and has been prominently identified with the legal profession. His residence is at Detroit.

—It has just been made public that Miss Sallie Reber, a well-known opera singer, who died near Jersey City in February, had been the mistress of Jas. D. Fish, the defunct President of the Marine Bank, and that in giving birth to a child she lost her own life.

—In the year of 1777 considerable interest was manifested in an announcement that six stores had been completed in Philadelphia. The annual product of the stove foundries in that city is now valued at \$1,000,000, and the industry supports about 12,000 people.

—The resignation of Mr. B. K. Bruce, the colored Register of the Treasury, was not unexpected. Mr. Bruce has that dreadful malady, Bright's disease of the kidneys, and will end his days in Switzerland. He has made an efficient official, and is an honor to his race. Mr. Bruce will most likely be succeeded by ex-Congressman Cox, of Alabama.

—The democrats in Virginia scored a victory Saturday in the decision of the Supreme Court of Appeals affirming the constitutionality of the election law passed at the last session of the Legislature. This places the control of the entire election machinery of the State in the hands of the democrats, and has been resisted by the republicans on the ground that it was contrary to the principles of free government.

Judge Milton J. Durham, Kentucky's First Controller of the Treasury, is a marvel to the Washington officials. He also astonished the hotel clerks. He is up most mornings before six o'clock, takes his breakfast and sends off his private correspondence before eight, and gets in an hour's work at the Treasury before the clerks arrive. He likes to clear out the brushwood while it is quiet and before bustle and rush of visitors begins. He has already shaken up his department from centre to circumference and there is no longer any loafing or playing off. It is his purpose to dispense with all unnecessary force, and he has already recommended a reduction where parties were put in to please political influences and have really nothing to do. A lady clerk brought a member of Congress to him a few days ago, and proudly presented him as her backer or "influence." The Judge said to her politely, but pointedly: "If your work is well done you need no other influence with me. That will show for itself." All Kentuckians who have visited Washington of late speak of Judge Durham's kindness and polite attention to them. The distinguished compliment paid him by the Administration has not spoiled him in the slightest.

MAKING IT EASY FOR HIS EMPLOYER

—A merchant went to his head clerk and said: "John, I owe about \$10,000, and all I possess is \$1,002, which is locked up in the safe. I am thinking that this is the right time to make an assignment, but what plausible pretext I can give my creditors I know not. You have plenty of brains; think the matter over and let me know your decision in the morning." The clerk promised to do so. On entering the office next morning the merchant found the safe open, the \$1,000 gone, and in their place a letter which read as follows: "I have taken the \$4,000 and gone to Canada. It is the best excuse you can give your creditors." —[Cleveland Sentinel.]

THE BROTHERS.

An Entertaining and Instructive Serial Story,

Written Expressly for the Interior Journal.

BY MISS MILDRED LEWIS.

"Far from the madding crowd I live a quiet life."

—Gray.

In the outskirts of Harrodsburg, on the pike leading to Danville, there used to stand a frame house, with high, small windows and low porch; a yard inclosed by a pailing, an orchard stretching back, not a pretty place by any means; although flowers bloomed abundantly in the front yard and vines climbed about the porch. The house sadly needed paint and repair; the fences were dropping down; the few out-houses were a shabby disgrace; everything seemed to need looking after.

Strangers passing, said a lazy man lived there, and a woman of uncommonly fine taste. But friends of the family, looked at it sadly and said, "What a pity that such a man should be consigned to poverty, when his talents would adorn wealth and make him the center of distinguished circles."

So they would, and in his present condition, without a profession, or any other suitable means of support, that was all for which Estace Graham was fitted. Put him among friends, let him lose his habitual reserve, and Dr. Johnson was not more winning in conversation or more thoroughly versed in the various departments of learning. No Bash or Sheridan, Garrick, or Howell hung on his words, but the elite of the neighborhood recognized his talents and paid him the most respectful deference and attention.

Strangers solicited his acquaintance. His plain room, which would have been shabby, but for the hand that trained the flowers and left its impress there, was often filled with men who came for the privilege of hearing him talk.

Thoroughly at home with the Academician or Paripatetic philosophers and in every field of science and letters, he was a helpless babe on a farm. Raised in wealth and indolence, without a profession, his youth spent in study and travel, middle age found him poor, an invalid from spinal affection, with worrying creditors and a host of friends who admired and pitied but did not help.

He was singularly beloved, unlike the brilliant man he so nearly resembled, he was gentle and unselfish. He was never known to tell a man "you don't see your way through the question," or "you don't know what you're talking about," but in his disposition more resembled the teacher of the Athenian youth.

Mrs. Graham was a brave, sensible woman, devoted to her husband and children. She never fretted when restlessness came, but as much as was possible took into her own hands the management of affairs, trusting that when her two boys grew up times would be better.

Henry, the eldest, was already fifteen, and gave promise of a noble and useful manhood. A handsome boy, his mother translated in the masculine gender; dark, sparkling eyes that held yours like a magnet and made you feel that they saw more than other eyes; not pleasant eyes in anger or scorn, but sparkling in mirth and mild enough when the wind didn't "let east," a broad forehead with dark hair, a thin, firm, but pleasant mouth, a finely proportioned figure.

There you have him, a very handsome and very winsome boy, not an angel, but good enough and with a dash of something which doesn't savor of a selfish wing. In time the father and mother saw the promise of future greatness. "He will bring back the glory which our families have lost, wife," said the invalid, "he has the intellect of the Gabriels and spirit and will of the Thomsons, he will be the stay of our declining years and shed lustre on our white hair."

"I never saw a boy make such progress in his studies. He has the power of rapidly grasping, and mastering a subject, of adapting forms and methods, which I have never seen in one of his age, no fear for him; he will succeed, but Edward—"

Heighed involuntarily as he glanced at his younger son, at that moment lying on the porch floor, leaning on his elbow, one hand supporting his flaxen curly head, another holding an open book, his blue eyes on the distant sky.

"A second edition of myself, wife, a dreamer. This world isn't a good place for dreamers."

"Let him dream, now," said the mother, "action comes later, our duty is to see that he's prepared for it when it comes. He's too delicate to be pushed like Henry, there is time enough."

"You're partial to him," said the husband with a smile, for he knew that "was the resemblance to himself which caused it, "but as you say, there's time enough with a mother like you to look after him, direct his course and encourage him. If I had had such a mother I would not have led such a useless life."

As the invalid's chair was wheeled out of doors that he might have the benefit of the air and sunshine, the pale, thin face which leered against its cushions and watched the boy as he went bravely about his duties would cloud over with regret.

"I should have done as he is doing, Mary, instead of dreaming away the hours over my books. Things would have been better for you, my dear, if I had."

"People were not all made to fill one place, Estace. You were not made for manual labor, but to instruct; each has his allotted sphere and does no good outside of it. God has given your boys as a blessing. Why not take it as an omen that He is pleased with you? Don't fret over what is gone and can't be helped."

"Well, Mary, I have never seen you fret. A woman like you ought to have good and brave sons," said the invalid smiling and patting the hand on his arm.

"I was a happy family in spite of the incongruities. But changes come to all. One morning Mr. Graham was found dead in his chair. The wife was a widow with the chances of her share of a widow's treatment in the world, the two boys orphans."

The creditors closed in, for people must have their money; the little farm and stock were sold; the bereaved family had their friends adieu and moved to a cottage near Danville.

CHAPTER II.

AT HOME.

"Dear Brutus! It is not in our stars, But in ourselves." —Shakespeare.

It was a pretty little cottage to which the widow and her two boys went, about half a mile from the city and in view of the steeples and spires.

The house was entirely modern, of a buff color with red roof and gabled windows. A small, clean yard, full of shade trees, everything in the best order.

Henry felt that he must take his place as the head of the family. Edward was not able to give him much assistance, but was exceedingly anxious to help his brother in every way.

Never did neathen look on his stone gods with more worshipful affection than Edward on his elder and stronger brother. In his eyes Henry couldn't do wrong. Everything belonging to him was as if set apart and sanctified. He followed him everywhere he went and seemed always to think of him before himself.

He was like a little girl about the house helping his mother in all of her duties, comforting her in his boyish way—which was a very gentle way too—doing the chores and making himself generally useful, but so quiet.

There was always an atmosphere of quietness about Edward. His face with the brooding, introspective eyes seemed never ruffled, the voice so soft and low, the light step; he carried that quiet air with him everywhere.

You are apt to overlook very quiet people, leave them undisturbed in corners, or wedge them off the seat. People are usually so self-assertive that it's quite refreshing to meet with one who can be imposed on with impunity.

But people never seemed to feel in this way towards Edward. Little Miss Panke, a neighbor, expressed it when she said, "I can always feel Edward Graham's presence if I'd never seen him, I'd know it all the same; he seems like a part of one's self that one doesn't see often, and yet likes to be reminded of and told it's at home really to be entertained."

As for Henry, his days were one incessant round of toil, his nights were divided between study and sleep. A book always went with him to the field and when he stopped to rest in the shade of some tree he spent the time reading.

The hope of a classical education could no longer be indulged. He must acquire as much learning as possible without a teacher, then take up a profession. But the regret which his inability to employ masters caused him can only be realized by an inspiring wind, which has fretted under like restraints.

Often in his boyish visions the rafters of his little room which so near his head, expanded into a magnificent palace; he saw uplifted faces and heard the plaudits of an admiring crowd.

"Why should I not be what I wish?" he questioned himself as he tried to still the beating of his tumultuous heart. "The highest places in life have been honored by men handicapped on every side by opposition. I will succeed! I will! I will!" The lips set themselves in a tense line. "Nothing shall keep me down! poverty, malice or opposition!"

[TO BE CONTINUED IN OUR NEXT.]

Too SLEEPY FOR SENTIMENT.—"And now as I am about to press my good night kiss on your sweet lips, I want to tell you that this is the happiest moment of my life," quizzically remarked the Lee Avenue dandy, as he stood in Julia's doorway holding fast the hands of Miss Lulu at two o'clock this morning.

"And in me too," murmured Lulu, as she suppressed a yawn.

"Your words fill me with delight; let your trusting love that prompts you to utter them, is it not, darling?"

"No, not that."

"What is it then, sweet, that makes this the happiest moment of your life?"

"The fact that you are going and I can go too. I'm awful sleepy." —[Brooklyn Times.]

ICE! ICE! ICE!

I will deliver ice to regular customers in Stanford and vicinity every morning at

ONE CENT PER POUND

Accompanied at the close of each month, or when customer quits.

R. E. BARROW.

"St. Mary's Saw Mills"

AND LUMBER YARD.

On top of the Knobs, close by J. Carter's Grocery Store.

FOOTE & WHEELER, Proprietors.

For all kinds of general Lumber, Shingles, etc., cutters and others can not find a better market to suit themselves. Our motto is "Good Material for Reasonable Rates." Postoffice address, Halls Gap, Ky.

N. T. HUGHES.

—DEALER IN—

Farming Implements, Twine Binders, Reapers, Mowers, Domestic Sewing Machines, etc., also Buggies, Carriages, Phaetons and Tennessee Farm and Spring Wagons.

Call and examine my stock and get prices before buying elsewhere. I will give you a good bargain. Office at W. H. Higgins' Ware Rooms on Main street.

COMMENCEMENT

—EXERCISES—

Stanford Female College.

Commencement Sermon, Sunday,

May 31st.

—At 11 A. M. at Opera House—

BY REV. I. S. McELROY.

Annual Concert, Monday Night, June 1st, 8 P. M.

Regular Commencement Exercises,

Tuesday, June 2d, 8 P. M.

SALLIE C. TRUEHEART, Principal.

MYERS HOTEL,

STANFORD, KY.

E. H. BURNSIDE, - Proprietor

This Old and Well-Known

Hotel Still Maintains its

High Reputation,

—AND—

Its Proprietor is Determined that

It shall be Second to no Country

Hotel in the State in its Fare,

Appointments, or Attention

to the Comfort of

their Guests.

Baggage will be conveyed to and from the depot free of charge. Special accommodations in Commercial Travelers. The Bar will always be supplied with the choicest brands of Liquors and Cigars.

CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO RY.

Kentucky's Route East

—FOR—

Washington, Philadelphia-N.Y.

—The only line running—

PULLMAN NEW SLEEPING CARS

—AND—

A SOLID TRAIN

—FROM—

Louisville, Cincinnati and Lexington, Ky.

—TO—

WASHINGTON CITY.

Connecting in same depot with fast trains to

New York.

The Direct Route to Lynchburg, Danville, Norfolk.

—AND—

All Virginia and North Carolina Points.

For tickets and further information, apply your nearest ticket office, or address

W. E. ARNOLD, Advertising Agt., Ticket and Pass. Agt., 225 Fourth Ave., Louisville, Ky.

C. W. SMITH, Gen'l Manager, Richmond, Virginia.

OHIO & MISSISSIPPI R. W.

—The Direct Route to—

St. Louis & the West

Northwest and Southwest by the way of

LOUISVILLE or CINCINNATI.

All Trains Leaving Chattanooga for Louisville and Cincinnati make direct connection at those points with the Lightning Express on the Ohio & Mississippi for St. Louis and all points West.

10 Hours East from Louisville or Cincinnati to St. Louis, being two hours quicker than any other line, giving our passengers time for meals and first choice of seats in trains going West.

12 Hours Quicker To Omaha and beyond than by any line going by way of Chicago.

O. & M.

—Always makes—

Fast Time and Sure Connections

—With all Lines at—

St. Louis and Intermediate Points.

No Ferries! No Omnibus Transfers!

Connections made in Union Depot, St. Louis, with trains of lines going West, Northwest and Southwest.

If you are going West to any point, call on or write to the undersigned.

For full and reliable information in regard to Land, etc., in the Western States, Maps, Guides and lowest special rates for Tickets and Household Goods in all points West call on or address

H. H. ALSON, Passenger Agt. Ohio & Mississippi Railway, Harrodsburg, Ky.

W. W. PEARODY, W. E. SHATTUCK, Pres't and Gen'l Mgrs., Gen'l Pass. Agt., C. W. FAIRB, Central Passenger Agent, Cincinnati, Ohio.

MAJ. F. D. RIGNEY

Is a Candidate to succeed himself in the State Senate, subject to the action of the Democracy.

HON. A. G. TALBOTT

Is a Candidate for Senator in the District composed of Boyle, Lincoln, Casey and Garrard, subject to the action of the Democratic party. Election first Monday in August.

LEE F. HUFFMAN,

SURGEON DENTIST.

Office—South side Main Street, two doors above the Myers Hotel.

Pure Nitrous Oxide Gas administered when required.

DR. W. B. PENNY,

Dentist.

Office on Lancaster street, next door to BREWSTER JOURNAL OFFICE. Office hours from 8 to 12 A. M. and 1 to 5 P. M. Anesthetics administered when necessary. [154-155.]

FOR SALE, PRIVATELY.

A DESIRABLE DWELLING AND STOREHOUSE combined. Best business location in the place. A bargain can be had by addressing or applying to

T. J. CHRISTENSEN, McKenney, Ky.

Masonheimer's Restaurant

—OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE—

DANVILLE, - - - KENTUCKY.

Meals are served at all hours. Game always on hand and in its season, oysters fresh fish, and similar delicacies served in all styles and on short notice. Look out for the sign, "Woodbine Restaurant" and eat when you are hungry.

F. W. MASONHEIMER & CO., Danville, Ky.

LAST CHANCE

For certain Government Land 640 acres that are suitable for growing farming and stock raising purposes—before come out for sale for half one price, to Congress.

320 IN THE DEVILS LAKE,

TURTLE MOUNTAIN,

And Mouse River Country.

W. P. WALTON.

Discussing the action of a trustee in pleading nuncy on money borrowed by one Shaw, the Mt. Sterling Sentinel-Democrat expresses our sentiments exactly: "A man should pay what he agrees to pay whether for money or wheat. Mr. Shaw would not think of buying wheat at \$1 per bushel and paying for it at the rate of 90 cents; and it is none the less dishonest to take a man's money at 8 per cent. and pay him but 6 per cent. True the law says 6 is legal, but the law is arbitrary and not moral, and it is just as dishonest and immoral to take advantage of this law as it is to sell liquor without license. Of course Mr. Shaw is not responsible for the action of his trustee and we make no reflection upon him. The point is that the man who loans money is entitled to just the same consideration as the man who borrows. The remedy is simple and plain if you object to paying nuncy interest (so-called) don't agree to pay it. Borrow the money at 6 per cent. if you can. If not do without it or pay what you promise."

The republican papers are making much ado over the fact that the money in the National treasury counted to within two cents of the amount claimed to be in it. No one ever doubted the result would be otherwise, though they claim that it is a complete reputation of the charge of stealing against the party which has been in power for the last 24 years. The stupendous swindling and stealing have appeared in the Bore Shepherd frauds, the Freedman's Bureau swindle, the Robeson naval fraud, the Sanborn contracts, the Indian and Pension Bureau frauds, the Star-Route and Hovate frauds, the Burnside robbery, the Swain swindle and the Keifer business, whereby hundreds of millions have been put into the pockets of party favorites and contractors.

We give in this issue an address to the voters of Lincoln county on the subject of the railroad aid question, which is to be submitted next Saturday, 18th, signed by a number of our most influential men and heaviest tax-payers, explaining the question and proving beyond a shadow of a doubt that it is to be the interest of every man in the county to secure the great thoroughfare through it. The facts and figures are given and they can not be refuted. We do not see how any reasonable man is not convinced that it is purely a matter of business with the profit on our side.

How. BOYD WINCHESTER, President declined the Nice consulate, having declined the Nice consulate, the President has given him something more in keeping with his desert. He will go as Minister Resident and Consul General to Switzerland a much more important and lucrative position, worth \$3,500 more than the latter. Henry Watterston has just been to Washington. Sneers can put the two notes in his pipe and smoke them.

The most disgusting business we have heard of for many a day is that of Eld. Sweeney, of Paris, ripping around trying to get signatures to a petition for a pardon for Hooker Stivers, who murdered Burt Scully and got off with the light sentence of two years. Sweeney should give up preaching and become an out and out advocate of murder.

The Bourbon News makes a good point when it says: "Gov. Knott is in New York negotiating for the sale of \$500,000 worth of State bonds to pay for prosecuting criminals which he has turned loose, and Lieutenant Governor Hindman it now being besieged on all hands to turn others loose. This business should put the common people to thinking."

THERE was no notoriety to be gotten out of the Mose Caton case so Acting Gov. Hindman let him hang at Morgantown, Friday. Caton's crime was not half so terrible as that committed by Neal, even if he did torture his wife to death. That was simply murder. Neal was guilty of arson, rape and murder.

Dr. JOHN D. WOODS pays a touching tribute to the memory of his mother, who has just died in Mississippi at the advanced age of 80 years. Few of us have the consolation of a loving mother as long as Dr. Woods and few know how well to appreciate the greatest of all treasures.

The United States Army has one lieutenant general, three major-generals and six brigadier-generals in active service. Each head of the staff departments is also a brigadier-general. Two generals, five major-generals and twenty-four brigadier-generals are on the retired list.

JIM BLACKBURN is not to be Collector after all, it is said. So look out for another prediction from Joe about the probability of the result of the next Kentucky election. He will no doubt raise the republican majority now to 100,000.

FATE seems to be against the coming of the Swiss Minister to this county. Last year a railroad accident in which he was hurt prevented him and now we learn by a Washington dispatch that he is in Washington too sick with the malarial fever to come at present.

The President has appointed Dr. Thompson, a colored man to the Haytian Mission, making three colored men appointed to important and lucrative positions as far as this does not look like that race is to be returned to slavery.

SCOTT another for First Comptroller Oarham. He refuses to approve the accounts of the Marshal of the Northern District of New York as they are not right. Several thousand dollars are involved.

OUR CHANCE

To Secure Another Railroad for Lincoln County.

What the Advocates Have to Say to the People

In Behalf of the Great Enterprise.

AN ADDRESS TO THE VOTERS & TAX-PAYERS.

You have already been officially advised that on the 18th of this month you will be given an opportunity to decide whether or not Lincoln county shall become one of the projectors in the building of a line of railroad from Stanford to Nashville, Tenn. The substance of the question to be voted on is whether or not this county will acquire the right-of-way, depot and shop grounds in this county, the cost of all, in no event to be more than \$25,000, and when so acquired to sell and assign the same to the Chesapeake & Nashville Railroad Company at such price and on such terms as may be agreed upon between this Company and the county's Commissioners.

The advocates of this proposition believing that the building of this road will be of the greatest conceivable advantage and interest to Lincoln county and knowing that the carrying of the proposition at the coming election is absolutely necessary to ensure its location and building through Lincoln county, have requested us in their behalf to present this address in its favor for the consideration of the voters and tax-payers of the county.

Its intention is not only to show what are conceived to be the beneficial results to be derived from the carrying out of this great enterprise, but likewise to correct false and misleading impressions and statements which have been and are now being actively circulated in regard thereto by the opponents of the measure for the purpose of influencing the voice of the people at the coming election. These statements are not believed to be intentionally false by any one opposing the proposition in good faith, but made through a mistake of fact.

It is represented that the proposed road is part of one of the greatest railroad corporations in the United States and that the county in acquiring the interest mentioned and disposing of it to the Chesapeake & Nashville Railroad Co., will only be making a donation to the great and rich railroad corporation which is the "power behind the throne" and that the latter will not be in the least influenced in the location and building of the proposed road by a meagre donation which can in no event be more than a fractional part of \$25,000. This argument is untrue, misleading and unfair to the utmost extent towards the Chesapeake & Nashville which is a young company struggling to get upon its feet. Its paid up capital is small, inadequate by far for the construction of the long line of road from Stanford to Nashville and not sufficient to float its bonds at par upon the money market unless the people owning the territory which it traverses shall give it encouragement and aid by grants of rights-of-way, &c., upon the most easy and liberal terms. It is vitally important to this company's success that such encouragement and aid shall be secured and it is driven to the necessity of going where they can be procured, and the oft repeated boast by the opponents of this proposition that it is bound to come to Stanford for one of its terminal points is untrue. The company is bound to go where it can obtain assistance, and if the false idea that it is bound to come to Stanford is acted upon by our people so as to defeat this proposition at the coming election, a great opportunity will be lost and the road, which is sure to be built somewhere through this section of the State, will not be built through Lincoln county. It is not denied that the road may ultimately become a part of a great railroad system—the greatest in the South or upon the continent. It is hoped that it may and the reasons therefor will be further mentioned.

It seems to us that the argument by our opponents that the burden of taxation in the county will be greatly increased by carrying out the proposition is being most unfairly used, and incidentally in connection therewith statements are being made which are not authorized by facts and circumstances nor justified by the experience of county affairs. It is asserted that the friends of the enterprise are industriously laboring among the poorer classes, those who pay only a poll tax, to influence them to vote for the proposition and thereby impose upon the property holders a burdensome and valueless tax. This statement, the friends of the proposition are informed, is being industriously circulated among the property holders to influence them adversely. On the other hand it is, as we are informed, being industriously circulated among those who own no taxable property that the cost of the proposed right-of-way, &c., is to be paid wholly by the imposition of a poll. Both are absolutely untrue and those making both or either of these statements are not justified in doing so either in fact or in reason, as we will show.

To acquire the interest demanded by the proposition at the maximum cost of \$25,000 would not increase the present rate of taxation.

This we will make plain and manifest that it can not be controverted.

The present bonded indebtedness of the county is \$7,000. Five years ago it was \$22,000. On the 1st of this year (1885) if at the same rate as the last few years, 20 cents and valorem and \$1 per capita, this bonded indebtedness will be reduced to \$5,000. This is a period of six years in which the county has discharged a bonded debt of \$15,000, with the present rate of taxation. During the same period it will have paid in aid of

turnpike and bridge construction over \$15,000, making in all \$33,000 paid by the county in six years out of its resources derived from its present rates. If it should require as much as \$25,000 to pay for the right-of-way, &c., the indebtedness of the county will be \$30,000 and experience has proven that this can be paid under present rate of taxation within six years.

If the county should continue to aid and promote the building of turnpikes and bridges, which is not improbable and to which it is by its past conduct committed, the amount to be paid within the next six years will of course be greater than \$30,000. But in any event the county can give all necessary aid to turnpike and bridge building and pay this debt within ten years at the present rate of taxation, which is lighter than in any other county in the State. The supposed increase of taxation is the only serious objection urged against the proposition. To those urging these we appeal to consider the foregoing statement which is fully sustained by the records of the county court.

The other objection that no aid should be given out of the public purse to corporations we consider altogether sentimental, and is wholly at variance with the past policy of this county consistently followed greatly to public benefit, for more than fifty years and a number of those now opposing this railroad enterprise have been among its most active advocates and its direct beneficiaries.

During the period mentioned the county court has, with almost the unanimous approbation and demands of the tax payers of the county, expended through the instrumentality of corporations about seventy thousand dollars in building turnpikes and bridges. It has been a judicious expenditure so has been fully proven by results; nevertheless persons who best know and have profited most by these results are now opposing this policy to aid a great enterprise which if carried out to completion, will in the estimation of all who have considered it with unprejudiced reason, do more to advance the wealth and prosperity of the county than any public improvement ever undertaken within its limits.

It has been suggested that the road when completed will become a part of Huntington's great system. This is not improbable and is to be desired. In such an event it would be part of a great trunk line under one management and direction extending from the Atlantic to the Pacific. It would give the county three great trunk lines traversing its very heart and the three great rival railroad corporations of the South would be competitors for our carrying trade. It would give the county railroad advantages and facilities equal to if not greater than any county south of the Ohio river. The competition in freight traffic alone, which it would inevitably provoke, would result in a saving to the farmer alone, annually, more than the whole amount asked by this proposition to acquire a right-of-way for the Chesapeake & Nashville. We are justified in this prediction by the experience of the last ten years. The following table shows approximately the shipment of wheat and product of wheat for the years mentioned, in bushels:

	1882.	1883.	1884.
Stanford & Richmond June 30, 1882	20,000	20,000	15,000
Crab Orchard	15,000	12,000	15,000
Halls Gap	5,000	5,000	4,000
Shelby City	20,000	15,000	15,000
Moreland	15,000	12,000	15,000
McKinney	20,000	20,000	20,000
Gilberts Creek	10,000	5,000	10,000
Total	135,000	122,000	130,000

Previous to the construction of the Cincinnati Southern Railroad our lowest rate of freight on grain to Cincinnati was 26 cents per hundred. After the opening of that road it was reduced the first season to 18 cents and has been maintained at the latter rate ever since until the opening of the Kentucky Central railroad to Richmond Junction, since which the rate from that station to Cincinnati has been as low as 12 cents, but from all other stations the old rate of 18 cents has been maintained with only one or two variations. Comparison will show therefore that the construction of the Cincinnati Southern saved the farmers of Lincoln county in wheat alone: In 1882, \$6,960; in 1883, \$5,875; in 1884, \$6,528; in the three years, \$19,364, and to farmers in the neighborhood of Stanford and Richmond Junction in 1883 and 1884, on wheat alone, the difference between the rates prevailing previous to the construction of the C. S. railroad, \$9,240. Difference in rates since the opening of the K. C. railroad on wheat shipped from Stanford and Richmond Junction is a saving to the farmers in 1883 and 1884 of \$3,960.

This advantage to the farmers in the neighborhood of Stanford and Richmond Junction grows out of the competition in rates since the completion of the Kentucky Central.

We have not had time nor opportunity to obtain the statistics on all freight, but our investigation has been sufficient to inform us that there has been a corresponding reduction on all and it is safe to claim that in freight alone since the completion of the Cincinnati Southern to all the people of Lincoln county a saving has been effected of \$25,000 per annum. During the same period the value of property as shown by the tax books has increased more than half a million of dollars and if we add the value of the road itself more than a million, whilst the population has increased more than 20 per cent. Observation teaches us that like good results follow in the pathway of all such enterprises and we can most confidently expect as much, say more, from the construction of the Chesapeake & Nashville. Its property in the county after five years will be assessed for taxation at not less than \$500,000. During this period we believe it will be directly instrumental in increasing the taxable value of the property in the county as much more. So, at the end of five years we may

safely estimate that the county revenue at the present rate of taxation will by the building of this road, be permanently increased to the extent of \$2,000 per annum. The immediate good results will be an expenditure in the county for labor, material and provisions of over \$300,000, to be immediately followed by the employment at good wages, of more than a hundred able-bodied men to operate and keep the road in repair. Already there is expended by the other roads for these purposes, according to the best estimates to be obtained, near one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars. At least fifty thousand dollars we think will be added to this sum by the building of the proposed road, all of which will be for the benefit of the laboring classes.

It will make the county a great railroad centre and a centre of interest for enterprise and investment and tend to attract higher capital, population, enterprise and intelligence.

It will give an impetus to business of every kind and with all its advantages will not bring us one single evil or misfortune. It will increase the population of our towns, thereby giving us better and more extensive markets at home. Hustonville will be built up by being made the center of trade for a large and rich agricultural community, and perhaps with its natural advantages a flourishing manufacturing town. Crab Orchard in like manner and by being made with this opportunity one of the most attractive summer resorts in the State. Stanford by being the capital of a county rich in natural resources and advantages and being the connecting point of three great railroad systems, numberless advantages might accrue which would be directly attributable to the completion of this enterprise, which would cost us nothing, but actually bring money to the private and public purse.

But, say our opponents, it is against principle. To us we deny. It is purely a proposition and matter of business, in which is only involved the question of whether we shall invest a sum not exceeding \$25,000, with every reasonable prospect of speedy magnificent returns in profits and savings, or stand with full pockets and empty, idle hands and see a golden opportunity glide beyond our grasp. But let us admit that it may be against principle for the sake of argument. The opportunity is a grand and exceptional one, such as is not offered oftener than once in one generation and it is the office of principle to courtesy to such an opportunity, for the principle will live permanently and the opportunity is short-lived and will be lost.

The signers of this address have no purpose in view further than to promote the interests of the whole county in common with their own. They believe their own interests will be promoted by the building of the road and their own interests are identical with those of the other people of the county. After careful investigation they are convinced that a rare opportunity is presented to the people of this county of promoting their interests almost beyond reckoning and this without costing them one cent when the balance is struck, and before voting to throw away this opportunity we ask them in behalf of those who are to live in the future, to pause and consider—make inquiry and be advised—and act deliberately, impartially and without prejudice in deciding what we consider the most important question that can ever influence the welfare and business future of the county.

J. P. RUFFE, W. M. DOONES,
JNO. M. HALL, F. M. YOWELL,
JNO. O. NEAL, H. S. WITHERS,
W. P. GRIMES, J. S. MURPHY,
D. W. VANDEVERE,
May 11, 1885.

LAND, STOCK AND CROP

—Missouri wheat stands at 57 per cent of an average crop.

—At Owensboro, 180 head of 900 lb. cattle sold at 4 1/2 to 5 cents.

—On three farms in Dakota there are 62,000 acres sown in wheat.

—The Arkansas fruit crop, having braved all the danger of frost, is now well assured and is more promising than for years.

—At McClintock's sale of Jerseys, Forestus Reid bought one for \$300, Dr. Steele Bailey one for \$290 and J. E. Carron one for \$150.

—Illinois crop correspondents say nearly two-thirds of the area of wheat in the southern division of that State is reported winter-killed.

—Maj. B. J. Thomas' sale of yearlings took place at Lexington, Saturday. Nine teen colts brought \$10,495—an average of \$517.63. Eleven fillies brought \$5,145—an average of \$465.

—At the annual sale of registered Jersey cattle, from McClintock & Sons "Feather" herd, Lexington, 62 females brought \$12,700, averaging \$205. Only one male was sold, for \$140. The highest price was paid by Robert McMichael, \$905, for Carolina Second 18842.

—Birdstown Creamery is now complete in every particular. Wagons were sent out to gather cream Tuesday and butter making will commence to day. It is the most important manufactory ever started in Birdstown, and makes a new era in its financial history. The progress may be slow, but before many years Birdstown will be the centre of a large trade in the hutter business.—[Record.]

Some people are born cheery, some achieve cheek, and some have cheek thrust upon them, but when you come to a whole fare, it is found in the fellow who will let his girl go to a roller rink alone, pay her own admission and the rental for skates and a half hour later he comes up, skates all the evening with her, and then takes her home and wants her to kiss him at the gate.—[E'mira Gazette.]

BUGGIES, BUGGIES, BUGGIES!

OUR STOCK IS NOW COMPLETE,

—CONSISTING OF—

Carriages, Barouches, Phaetons, Buggies, Surreys, Jaguar Wagons, Buck Boards, Road Carts, &c.

These Goods are all Strictly First-Class, from the Best Manufactories,

—AND—

Are Sold on Their Merits, WITH A GUARANTEE.

We Buy for CASH and Propose to Give our Customers the Benefit of our Discounts.

Will Guarantee to Save you from 10 to 25 Per Cent. on every Vehicle. Give us a Call.

BRIGHT & CURRAN.

H. C. RUPLEY!

—I have received and still receive—

NEW GOODS FOR SPRING & SUMMER

Comprising the best in the market, which will be

Gotten Up in Style and Make Second to None in City or Country.

Give Me a Trial.

H. C. RUPLEY.

THE NEW GROCERY AND HARDWARE HOUSE OF

TAYLOR BROS.

HUSTONVILLE, KY.

Would kindly ask your attention to the fact that they have just returned from the cities with a large fresh and well selected stock of CHOICE

FAMILY GROCERIES

In endless variety, daily in quality and satisfactory in price; this we guarantee. Our aim shall be at all times to supply every want on our line.

OUR HARDWARE AND POCKET CUTLERY

Consists of the Standard Brands of Europe and America. Our large line of Cooking Stoves includes the justly celebrated "Great Western Reserve" and many other family favorites. Our China, Glass and Queensware stock consists in part of Table, Tea and Chamber Sets complete, glassware richly cut and etched. In the way of Breadstuffs we have Buckwheat Flour, the queen of all flours. Our celebrated Patent "G. M." Flour, unrivalled for cake and pastry, white Rice and Hominy, our own patriotic products, arrayed as faithful adjuncts. All the delicacies in Foreign and Domestic Canteens are here. Tin, Stone, Wooden and Willowware, Electric Lamps, Stationery, Canned Meats and Fruits and a complete line of Cigars and Tobaccos. Well, this is only a hint of what we have. Believing that we can make it to your interest, we confidently ask an examination of our goods and your patronage. Respectfully, TAYLOR BROTHERS.

THE LION WROUGHT IRON RANGE,

For Coal or Wood.

This Range is Extra Heavy and is made of the very best Union Cast Iron. Has cast top and front with Entire Wrought Iron Body and Oven. Warming oven extends under entire length of Range. Automatic Oven Shelf. Sectional Fire Doors and Cut Centers. Nickel name plate, knobs and hinge pins. Adjustable side shelf and all modern improvements. Can be arranged with heater for hot and cold water. Water Boxer Heater extra.

W. H. HIGGINS,

SPECIAL AGENT,

Stanford, - Kentucky.

At the annual sale of registered Jersey cattle, from McClintock & Sons "Feather" herd, Lexington, 62 females brought \$12,700, averaging \$205. Only one male was sold, for \$140. The highest price was paid by Robert McMichael, \$905, for Carolina Second 18842.

At the annual sale of registered Jersey cattle, from McClintock & Sons "Feather" herd, Lexington, 62 females brought \$12,700, averaging \$205. Only one male was sold, for \$140. The highest price was paid by Robert McMichael, \$905, for Carolina Second 18842.

At the annual sale of registered Jersey cattle, from McClintock & Sons "Feather" herd, Lexington, 62 females brought \$12,700, averaging \$205. Only one male was sold, for \$140. The highest price was paid by Robert McMichael, \$905, for Carolina Second 18842.

At the annual sale of registered Jersey cattle, from McClintock & Sons "Feather" herd, Lexington, 62 females brought \$12,700, averaging \$205. Only one male was sold, for \$140. The highest price was paid by Robert McMichael, \$905, for Carolina Second 18842.

At the annual sale of registered Jersey cattle, from McClintock & Sons "Feather" herd, Lexington, 62 females brought \$12,700, averaging \$205. Only one male was sold, for \$140. The highest price was paid by Robert McMichael, \$905, for Carolina Second 18842.

At the annual sale of registered Jersey cattle, from McClintock & Sons "Feather" herd, Lexington, 62 females brought \$12,700, averaging \$205. Only one male was sold, for \$140. The highest price was paid by Robert McMichael, \$905, for Carolina Second 18842.

At the annual sale of registered Jersey cattle, from McClintock & Sons "Feather" herd, Lexington, 62 females brought \$12,700, averaging \$205. Only one male was sold, for \$140. The highest price was paid by Robert McMichael, \$905, for Carolina Second 18842.

At the annual sale of registered Jersey cattle, from McClintock & Sons "Feather" herd, Lexington, 62 females brought \$12,700, averaging \$205. Only one male was sold, for \$140. The highest price was paid by Robert McMichael, \$905, for Carolina Second 18842.

At the annual sale of registered Jersey cattle, from McClintock & Sons "Feather" herd, Lexington, 62 females brought \$12,700, averaging \$205. Only one male was sold, for \$140. The highest price was paid by Robert McMichael, \$905, for Carolina Second 18842.

At the annual sale of registered Jersey cattle, from McClintock & Sons "Feather" herd, Lexington, 62 females brought \$12,700, averaging \$205. Only one male was sold, for \$140. The highest price was paid by Robert McMichael, \$905, for Carolina Second 18842.

At the annual sale of registered Jersey cattle, from McClintock & Sons "Feather" herd, Lexington, 62 females brought \$12,700, averaging \$205. Only one male was sold, for \$140. The highest price was paid by Robert McMichael, \$905, for Carolina Second 18842.

At the annual sale of registered Jersey cattle, from McClintock & Sons "Feather" herd, Lexington, 62 females brought \$12,700, averaging \$205. Only one male was sold, for \$140. The highest price was paid by Robert McMichael, \$905, for Carolina Second 18842.

At the annual sale of registered Jersey cattle, from McClintock & Sons "Feather" herd, Lexington, 62 females brought \$12,700, averaging \$205. Only one male was sold, for \$140. The highest price was paid by Robert McMichael, \$905, for Carolina Second 18842.

At the annual sale of registered Jersey cattle, from McClintock & Sons "Feather" herd, Lexington, 62 females brought \$12,700, averaging \$205. Only one male was sold, for \$140. The highest price was paid by Robert McMichael, \$905, for Carolina Second 18842.

At the annual sale of registered Jersey cattle, from McClintock & Sons "Feather" herd, Lexington, 62 females brought \$12,700, averaging \$205. Only one male was sold, for \$140. The highest price was paid by Robert McMichael, \$905, for Carolina Second 18842.

At the annual sale of registered Jersey cattle, from McClintock & Sons "Feather" herd, Lexington, 62 females brought \$12,700, averaging \$205. Only one male was sold, for \$140. The highest price was paid by Robert McMichael, \$905, for Carolina Second 18842.

At the annual sale of registered Jersey cattle, from McClintock & Sons "Feather" herd, Lexington, 62 females brought \$12,700, averaging \$205. Only one male was sold, for \$140. The highest price was paid by Robert McMichael, \$905, for Carolina Second 18842.

At the annual sale of registered Jersey cattle, from McClintock & Sons "Feather" herd, Lexington, 62 females brought \$12,700, averaging \$205. Only one male was sold, for \$140. The highest price was paid by Robert McMichael, \$905, for Carolina Second 18842.

At the annual sale of registered Jersey cattle, from McClintock & Sons "Feather" herd, Lexington, 62 females brought \$12,700, averaging \$205. Only one male was sold, for \$140. The highest price was paid by Robert McMichael, \$905, for Carolina Second 18842.

At the annual sale of registered Jersey cattle, from McClintock & Sons "Feather" herd, Lexington, 62 females brought \$12,700, averaging \$205. Only one male was sold, for \$140. The highest price was paid by Robert McMichael, \$905, for Carolina Second 18842.

At the annual sale of registered Jersey cattle, from McClintock & Sons "Feather" herd, Lexington, 62 females brought \$12,700, averaging \$205. Only one male was sold, for \$140. The highest price was paid by Robert McMichael, \$905, for Carolina Second 18842.

At the annual sale of registered Jersey cattle, from McClintock & Sons "Feather" herd, Lexington, 62 females brought \$12,700, averaging \$205. Only one male was sold, for \$140. The highest price was paid by Robert McMichael, \$905, for Carolina Second 18842.

At the annual sale of registered Jersey cattle, from McClintock & Sons "Feather" herd, Lexington, 62 females brought \$12,700, averaging \$205. Only one male was sold, for \$140. The highest price was paid by Robert McMichael, \$905, for Carolina Second 18842.

At the annual sale of registered Jersey cattle, from McClintock & Sons "Feather" herd, Lexington, 62 females brought \$12,700, averaging \$205. Only one male was sold, for \$140. The highest price was paid by Robert McMichael, \$905, for Carolina Second 18842.

GENUINE FOETRY.

Notwithstanding the Poet is Without Education or Culture.

Some Western Geniuses.

WAGON MOUNT, MORA CO.,
NEW MEXICO, May, 1885.

[To the Editor of the Interior Journal.]
One of the characters indigenous in the western country is Capt. Jack Crawford, or as he is generally called "Captain Jack," and whose friendship I have formed since my arrival here over a year ago. He is a poet, scout, actor, miner, ranchman and now post-trader and postmaster at Fort Craig and about the last specimen of the kind that the world will ever see, as the occasion for their production has happily passed; no Indian war, no fifteen hundred miles from civilization, &c. At the first glance his long hair and Etonian collar would cause a feeling of contempt, but his clear, blue eye, and open handed action, disarms you of that impression very quickly. He was the noblest Cavalier's favorite scout and who found his remains after the massacre by the terrible Apache Indians. He has written some very pretty verses and I feel convinced that you will appreciate his original but unique stanza entitled "Rattling Joe's Prayer" upon the death of his friend Monte Bill, at Canby.

RATTLING JOE'S PRAYER.
"Rattling Joe was the next of the speakers
An' Jos was a friend of the dead
The salt water stood in his peepers
An' these are the words that he said:
"Just give him a corner good Lord—not on stocks,
For I ain't such a durned fool as that;
For ye've got anything worldly for Bill
Kaw'd put me up then for a drink.
I'm lost on the rules of your game, but I'll ax
For a seat far from him on the throne
An' I'll bet my whole stock that the boy'll havava
I'll bet my whole stock that the boy'll havava
The boys'll all back me in that—
But if any one treats on his corn then you bet
I'll fight at the door of the bar—
Just don't let the angels run over him, Lord,
Nod him in kinder gentler and mild on the start
An' he'll make you no trouble, I think,
An' couldn't you give him a pack of old cards
To amuse himself once in a while?
But I warn you right here not to let on his gun,
For he'll get right away with yer pile."
Monte, Hays, Har-e and Miller will have
to pass when they read the prayer.
It recites very feelingly, and his "Cue" lost none of its charm when he repeated it for me.

"CUSTARD"
There's a spot in the woodland
My heart longs to see,
Where streamlets are dancing
With laughter and glee,
Where the sweetest of daisies
And the daisies are seen
And the deer loves to sport
On its meadow of green.
The singular part to me is that Captain Crawford never attended school a day in his life and yet his book of poems has many beautiful gems in it. While proxy ourselves, we think we see an exquisite sentiment in his lines.

"In these no poetic beauty
In these simple songs of mine
Most a man before in college
Ere he dares to turn a rhyme
Though his soul dictates the music,
Yet his words cannot and plain
Must not find a friendly welcome
From the learned men of brain."
By the way, some of the Mexicans even yet plow with the rope around the horns of the oxen instead of using the yoke. The plow is all wood and cut from a forked tree. The women do the plowing and they make the walk and share of the abode houses smooth and nice, but it is not only a mud, but cruel thing to me.

We witnessed a funeral procession in Sycamore that was not in accordance with the western custom. The dead was in a plain coffin and put on an express wagon and by the side of the driver sat a man playing lively air on the violin, while two men sat in the rear of the wagon with their legs dangling and chat, laughing and laughing as if going to a dance. Ah, well, it is better to laugh than to sigh.
As your action is largely interested in the cattle business, will write soon giving full information on this important point. Truly yours,
A. G. STALSAKER

THE LOUISVILLE MAIDEN AND MEMPHIS MAN. A Louisville girl who was visiting here a short time ago scored a signal triumph over a fresh young society man of this city. They were sitting on a sofa together and the conversation progressed so slowly that she gradually fell down until he had to carry her away. She arose very indignant and made the following explanation and apology: "I have you will not think anything of this. It is just a way I have. All the Memphis boys do the same way, and you will have to get used to it. I hope you will not take any offence at it as it's just my way."
She left the room but came back in a few minutes with a married friend and sat down on the sofa again. Soon she began to yawn and give an ominous proof of being thoroughly bored. Finally she said: "I'm dreadfully sleepy and I hope you'll go home. You mustn't take any offence at this. All the Louisville girls act the same way. You are exceedingly tiresome and you had better go home at once. Don't be offended at this. It is simply a way I have."
He stood not upon the order of his going. (Memphis Sunday Times.)

W. W. Cole, the prince of modern showmen, estimates his advertising expenses for the season of 1885, at the enormous sum of \$150,000. Last year, upward of \$100,000 was spent, resulting in a season's profit of nearly half a million dollars. Mr. Cole believes in the efficacy of printers' ink judiciously applied.

NEW YORK DOG SHOW.

NINE HUNDRED AND FIFTY HOWLING DOGS IN MADISON SQUARE.

Pictures of Women's Pets and Man's Dependence—Banging From Lion-like Mastiffs to Tiny Terriers.
"Man's Best Friend."

[Special Correspondence.]
New York, May 7.—The Westminster Kennel club have been holding their ninth annual bench show in New York. Why a dog show is called a bench show is something your correspondent has never yet been able to find out. We might be told that it is because the dogs are kept in cages that are mostly ranged upon benches. But so are cabbages and squashes at a country fair. Nobody ever calls a display of squashes a bench show. I give it up.

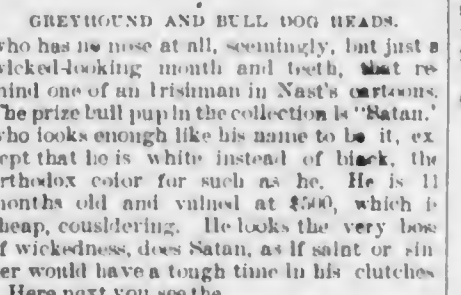
There were 100 dogs on exhibition this year at the old Madison Square garden. They are beautiful creatures, except the bull and pug dogs. These look as if they had been hit a "flat" in the nose respectively, while they were young and soft, and their noses had been punched in and got dry that way, and had remained so ever since. However, there are those who consider the pug a model of doggy beauty, and long and kiss and cuddle him as if he was a baby. You see how it is in the picture.



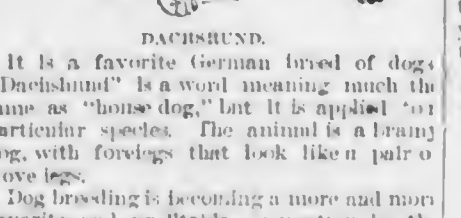
BABY MINE.
Mr. John How has about 30 pups in his kennel at Long Branch. There are some 40 varieties of the dog family represented in the show. Here is the poodle, who is all hair, and the little Mexican dog who has no hair at all. Here is the mastiff, who is all jaw, and an iron jaw, too. It looks like the Newfoundland, who is all brain, the pointer and hound, who are all nose, and the Bull pup,



who has no nose at all, seemingly, but just a wicked-looking mouth and teeth, that remind one of an Irishman in Nast's cartoons. The prize bull pup in the collection is "Satan," who looks enough like his name to be it, except that he is white instead of black, the orthodox color for such a he. He is 11 months old and valued at \$200, which is cheap, considering. He looks the very best of wickedness, does Satan, as if saint or siner would have a tough time in his clutches. Here next you see the



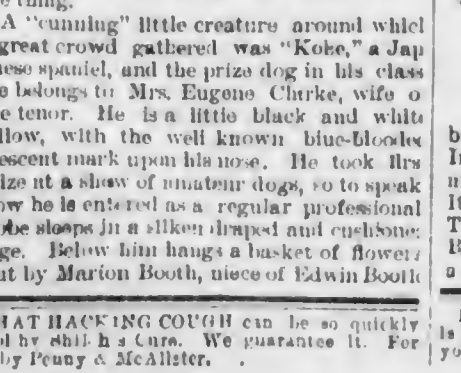
GREYHOUND AND BULL DOG HEADS.
who has no nose at all, seemingly, but just a wicked-looking mouth and teeth, that remind one of an Irishman in Nast's cartoons. The prize bull pup in the collection is "Satan," who looks enough like his name to be it, except that he is white instead of black, the orthodox color for such a he. He is 11 months old and valued at \$200, which is cheap, considering. He looks the very best of wickedness, does Satan, as if saint or siner would have a tough time in his clutches. Here next you see the



DACHSHUND.
It is a favorite German breed of dogs. "Dachshund" is a word meaning much the same as "house dog," but it is applied to particular species. The animal is a long dog, with forelegs that look like pairs of stoves.



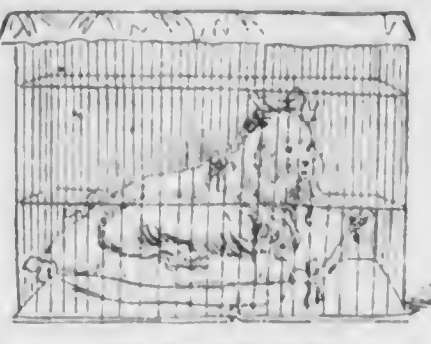
COLLIE.
This is a very good illustration of the type. They are now largely employed on our western plains by the great sheep herders. On one immense ranch I know of a brave old female collie that was accustomed to take out with the flock in the morning, leaving her litter of puppies at home. She watches the sheep all day, gave the frisky young one a nip when they tried to stray, and kept them all together. At night the faithful creature brought them home, unharmed and alone, to the shepherd. Then she hurried a fast as she could to her own babies, from which she had been separated all day. She did not even stop to eat her supper first. There was something so very human about the thing.



A "vulgar" little creature around which a great crowd gathered was "Koko," a Japanese spaniel, and the prize dog in his class. He belongs to Mrs. Eugene Clarke, wife of the tenor. He is a little black and white fellow, with the well known blue-tinted crescent mark upon his nose. He took first prize at a show of miniature dogs, so to speak. Now he is entered as a regular professional Koko sleeper in a silver lined and cushioned cage. Below him hangs a basket of flowers sent by Marion Booth, niece of Edwin Booth.

THAT HACKING COUGH can be so quickly cured by Shiloh's Cure. We guarantee it. For sale by Penny & McAllister.

In honor of his taking the prize. Koko is two years old. For the first year of his life he lived only on rice and a certain grated fish imported from Japan. He has a soft, pretty coat that looks like a Japanese carving in ivory. This is the king of the pet dogs. He is already known to fame, having appeared with his master in the operas of "Olive" and "Blossie Taylor." Moreover, J. K. Emmet, the actor, wanted to buy him and offered \$1,500, which his mistress refused. Fancy it.



SOMETHING TO LOVE.
This is the poodle, the sweet little doggy the ladies love. With his silky velvet cushion he is a regular dandy of a dog—in fact, only second to the real dandy in the affections of the ladies. His cushion is crimson, yellow or blue, to suit his complexion, and is trimmed with ribbons to match. He has silky hangings about his girth. He eats the choicest cake and the most expensive chocolate, and has nothing to do but look beautiful and be petted.

Very nice, no doubt. But somehow there is a perverse klunk in my soul. Whenever I see a pet dog taken up Fifth Avenue in a carriage for an airing, I cannot admire him as I ought to for thinking of the human babies that are beaten and starved and strangled and drowned every day in this howling, wicked city of New York. I'm not a very good sort of person, either, but it always seems to me that a rich woman who will love and pet and pamper a dumb dog, instead of one of these outcast babies, will have a kind of sin to answer for, somehow.



ST. BERNARD.
You remember the large dogs that used to rescue belated and freezing travelers in the snow storms on the Alps. Very well; here you see one of the same family. They and the Newfoundland and the mastiffs are the most magnificent specimens of the canine tribe. Observe, the St. Bernard is so tall that the top of his head reaches above the man's waist. The color of the St. Bernard is fawn, like a lion, with white spots. Sometimes the tawny tint is so deep as to be brown, and there is occasionally one brindled and spotted with black. There are two kinds, the rough and smooth coated. The one in the illustration belongs to the rough-coated family.

In the next picture is a good specimen of a smooth coated St. Bernard.



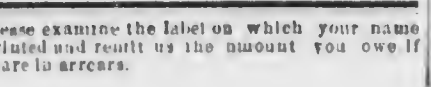
IMPETUOUSNESS AND DIGNITY.
Notice the royal indifference of the great St. Bernard to the yapping little terrier. A dog circus and dog procession in the ring in the evening was one of the attractive features of the show. The performing dogs were remarkable. When the great mastiffs and St. Bernards and Newfoundlands and tall hounds were brought out and trotted round the ring by their chains it somehow made you think of stories of the old Roman amphitheatre.



"BANG BANG!"
This is a fine fellow called "Bang Bang" because he is a bird dog. The owner of the famous pointers of the country, imported from England, has a number of puppy prizes in England, Belgium and Germany, and two big dog prizes since he got his growth. In the next cage to him smokes "Sensation," an old pointer of 11 years, who has taken several prizes—11 in England and 15 in the United States. "See the nose of him," said an enthusiastic sportsman of "Sensation." "Sure enough, it is a nose for use, decidedly!"



DEERHOUND.
It is the largest of the tribe, except the bloodhounds. It has a very long, sharp nose. In color it is usually a brindle gray, much more slaty than the other hounds. It has a very sparkling, enthusiastic eye. The deerhound is almost as tall as the St. Bernard or the mastiff. Large as he is, he is a great favorite with ladies. Both the first



Please examine the label on which your name is printed and read the amount you owe if you are in arrears.

and second prizes in this class were taken by dogs belonging to women.
On entering the garden you were apt to huddle you were in pandemonium. Such a howling, yelping, barking and waiting as there was! It was absolutely indescribable. Amid the din one could distinguish a deep baying that was sort of fearful sound. It came from the mastiff kennel at the north side. The mastiff is the most lion-like dog of all. His face, with its watchful eyes and its deep, hanging jaws, is full of expression, both of fierceness and majesty. The mastiffs are tremendous in size. They weigh sometimes as high as 250 pounds—as much as two small men. They are of a dun color with black around their jaws and faces, and are smooth-haired.

The immense value set upon these blooded canines is another point that will impress itself. They sell for as much as a likely slave would have done in the old times. From \$500 to \$1,000 is no unusual price at all to be paid for one of them.

Finally, it is surprising, glancing over the catalogue, to find how many of these dogs are owned by women. Next to women, men loves a horse, but next to a man woman loves a dog. Is it not so?

MT. VERNON DEPARTMENT.

Managed by Jno. B. Fish.

—We have had the Gifford Bros. in succession. —Also Potomac was down three months in the county jail for petty larceny.

—Every one is rejoiced at the action of the President in refusing to appoint James Blackmun Collector in the Lexington district.

—We had the pleasure of seeing a very nice dinner yesterday given by W. J. Newcomb in honor of his 15th birthday.

—Miss Dr. W. P. McKee, of Pittman, Florida, passed through town Friday on her way to London. She will visit friends at this place this week. Mrs. S. W. Farris went to London Saturday evening. Willis Adams, Jr., of Paint Lick, is in town today. Mrs. J. Cooper, of Lebanon, visited friends at this place last week.

RAILROAD AID QUESTION.

The Meigs County Court at its April term, 1885, made an order submitting to the qualified voters of the county, at an election to be held in the several voting precincts of the county, on **Wednesday, May 10th, 1885**, the following question:

"Whether the county of Lincoln shall loan bonds to an amount not exceeding twenty-five thousand dollars on the credit and responsibility of the whole county, to be expended in acquiring title to the right of way over a strip of land through the county of Lincoln, beginning at or near Stanford or Richmond Junction and extending thence westwardly by or near to Hustonsville to the Casey county line, upon the general width of not more than seventy-five feet, and such a railroad grade as may be needed for the purpose and such land at Stanford as may be needed for depot buildings, machine shops, round houses, water supply and such other buildings and structures as may be useful to said railroad, and to permit the county to dispose of said property when so acquired in said Railroad Company upon such reasonable terms and in such manner as to compensation as may be agreed upon by said county, through its representatives, and said Railroad Company, as permitted by an Act of the General Assembly of Kentucky, entitled 'An Act to authorize Lincoln county to raise money to aid in the construction of a railroad through said county,' approved May 1, 1884."

The undersigned were appointed a committee by the Court and directed to have the above stated action of the Court published for the information of the voters of the county, and we have adopted this method of performing that duty.

J. BLAIN, } Committee.
J. N. MERRICK, }

CATHARTIC CURED. health and sweet breath secured by Shiloh's Cathartic Remedy. Price 50c. For sale by Penny & McAllister.

SLEEPLESS NIGHTS made tolerable by that terrible cough. Shiloh's Cure is the remedy for you. For sale by Penny & McAllister.

Better than She Expected.
"Your letter received. In reply I am happy to say that Parker's Hair Balsam did much more for me than I could expect. It is the best I ever used. My hair has not only stopped falling out, but the bald spots are all covered and all my hair has grown thicker and more freely than it was before my sickness a year ago." Thank you very much. Extract from letters of Mr. R. W. T. West 5th street, New York.

Positive Cure for Piles.
To the people of this county we would say that we have been given the agency for the **Marchesi's Italian Pile Ointment**—emphatically guaranteed to cure or money refunded—Internal, External, Blind, Bleeding or Itching Piles. Price 50 cents a box. No cure, no pay. Penny & McAllister, Druggists.

Daughters, Wives and Mothers.
We gratefully guarantee Dr. Marchesi's Cathartic, a female remedy, to cure Female Diseases, such as Ovarian troubles, inflammation and Ulceration, Falling and displacement or bearing down feeling, Irregularities, Barrenness, Change of Life, Leucorrhoea, bestial man weakness, springing from the above, like Headache, Blotting, Spinal Weakness, Sleeplessness, Serious debility, Palpitation of the Heart, &c. For sale by Penny & McAllister, Druggists. Sent to Dr. Marchesi, Utica, N. Y., for pamphlet, free. For sale by Penny & McAllister, Druggists.

His Loss was Her Gain.
"Well, ma'am," said a fashionable physician to a wealthy lady patient, "if you don't like my prescription, perhaps you had better try Parker's Tonic or some other quack stuff." "You don't mean it, Doctor," she answered, "but your advice may be good for all that. Sometimes when you call 'quack stuff' in the best and most valuable medicine, after all." She got a bottle of Parker's Tonic and it cured her of nervousness arising from disordered stomach and nerves. She told her friends and now they all keep a doctor at home in the form of Parker's Tonic.

FREE DISTRIBUTION.
"What comes the great rush at McAllister's & Stagg's Drug Store?" The free distribution of sample bottles of Dr. Bosanko's Cough and Lung Syrup, the most popular remedy for Coughs, Colds, Consumption and Bronchitis now on the market. Regular size 50 cents and \$1.00.

JUST AS GOOD.
Many unscrupulous dealers may tell you they have remedies for Coughs and Colds equal in merit and in every respect just as good as the old reliable Dr. Bosanko's Cough and Lung Syrup, unless you insist upon this remedy and will take no other, you are liable to be greatly deceived. Price, 50 cents and \$1.00. Sold by McAllister & Stagg.

CURE FOR PILES.
Piles are frequently preceded by a sense of weight in the back, loins and lower part of the abdomen, causing the patient to suppose he has some affection of the kidneys or neighboring organs. At times, symptoms of indigestion are present, as flatulency, morbidness of the stomach, etc. A moisture, like perspiration, producing a very disagreeable itching, after getting warm, is a very common attendant. Blind, bleeding and itching Piles yield at once to the application of Dr. Bosanko's Pile Remedy, which acts directly upon the parts affected, absorbing the Tumors, relieving the itching and affording a permanent cure. Price 50 cents. Address the Dr. Bosanko Medicine Co., Piquette, Ohio. Sold by McAllister & Stagg.

JOE ABDALLAH.
And my Norman horse,
PHIL SHERIDAN.
—AT—
\$12.50 TO INSURE.
Green and feed furnished at reasonable rates, but no responsibility for accidents should any occur.
Also have for sale 17 yearling Nuts and 16 three yearling Calves.
S. H. BAUGHMAN.
Stanford, Ky.

—WE WILL STAND OUR—

FINE JACK!

At our premises 1 mile from Tammerville at \$8 to insure a living colt.

By **R. G. & J. F. COVER.**

CHAMPO!

The fine imported Norman stallion will make the season of 1885 at the stable of J. M. Wray, at "Poke Cottage," 1 1/2 miles from Stanford.

AT \$15 THE SEASON.
OR \$25 TO INSURE A FOLT.

Champo is a dark gray, 17 1/2 hands high, weighs 1,600 pounds and is 5 years old the 29th of May last. He is of the style and action, good in the legs, well ribbed and large body, with well-shaped shoulders, head and neck well set on. He is imported by G. W. Probst and Co., of Birmingham, Ill., September 11, 1882.
We will also stand at the same place our fine young Jack.

BOSTON!

At \$10 for a living colt. Boston is a lean 15 1/2 hands, 14 1/2 hands high, was foaled November 10, 1879, and is by West End, he by Warrior, his dam by Jim Porter, first dam Sues Flyby, a Maine and Warbler Jack.
Pasture furnished at reasonable rates, but will not be responsible for accidents should any occur.
W. H. WAREFIELD.

ON TIME!

My celebrated saddle horse breeder, On Time, will make the season of 1885 at my stable near the Knob Lick pike, 4 miles from Shelby City, at \$10 to insure a colt till weaning time.

On Time is a beautiful bay, 15 1/2 hands high, with well proportioned form and muscles. He was sired by Stonewall Jackson, he by Washington Tennant, dam Fanny by Belshazzar.
He will also stand at the same place the well known Jack.

OLD BLACK HAWK.

And two young Jacks.

HENDRICKS AND PHIL THOMPSON.

Phil is 14 hands, the sire of the old Jack. Hendricks is 15 hands. Old Black Hawk and Phil stand at \$10 and Hendricks at \$15, on the usual terms as the horse.
Hendricks on all colts for the payment of the season. Mare traded or returned without selling. Thus makes the season due and must be paid. All care and attention given to promote success and accommodate my patrons.
JOHN HERRICK.

GILT EDGE!

This fine young stallion I have concluded to let a limited number of mares at the low price of

TEN DOLLARS!

Which money I will expend on his education after the season is over by placing him in the hands of some good saddle horse man, only to study him in his gait, for he has been naturally. I expect to exhibit him at the Fair. Old Black Hawk is a 15 year old stallion, dark bay or brown, 15 1/2 hands high and perfect model in form. He was sired by one of the best old Black Hawk family, level flanks, on time, to do by one of the greatest horse ever known in any country, called the Lexington, a horse that has taken more premiums than any horse in this country. There are no known horse anywhere but he is a son of the Lexington. His dam was by Belshazzar, a young American. I will also stand at the same place the well known Jack by Taylor's Messenger.

STEVE WALKER!

This fine young Jack will also make the season of 1885 at my stable, one mile from Stanford on the Hustonsville pike at

\$8 to insure a living colt.

Steve Walker is a brown with white points, 15 hands high, 4 years old and will be paid for each mare one of the four best Jacks in Kentucky. He is a horse, quick and a little bit of a trick, but will be paid for each mare one of the four best Jacks in Kentucky.

J. K. & J. R. FARRIS.

Abdallah Glenco!

Will make the season of 1885 at my stable, 2 1/2 miles south of Hustonsville, on the Hustonsville pike, at \$10 to insure a colt till weaning time. He is a dark bay, 15 1/2 hands high, 4 years old, and will be paid for each mare one of the four best Jacks in Kentucky. He is a horse, quick and a little bit of a trick, but will be paid for each mare one of the four best Jacks in Kentucky.
"Your letter received. In reply I am happy to say that Parker's Hair Balsam did much more for me than I could expect. It is the best I ever used. My hair has not only stopped falling out, but the bald spots are all covered and all my hair has grown thicker and more freely than it was before my sickness a year ago." Thank you very much. Extract from letters of Mr. R. W. T. West 5th street, New York.
To the people of this county we would say that we have been given the agency for the **Marchesi's Italian Pile Ointment**—emphatically guaranteed to cure or money refunded—Internal, External, Blind, Bleeding or Itching Piles. Price 50 cents a box. No cure, no pay. Penny & McAllister, Druggists.
Daughters, Wives and Mothers.
We gratefully guarantee Dr. Marchesi's Cathartic, a female remedy, to cure Female Diseases, such as Ovarian troubles, inflammation and Ulceration, Falling and displacement or bearing down feeling, Irregularities, Barrenness, Change of Life, Leucorrhoea, bestial man weakness, springing from the above, like Headache, Blotting, Spinal Weakness, Sleeplessness, Serious debility, Palpitation of the Heart, &c. For sale by Penny & McAllister, Druggists. Sent to Dr. Marchesi, Utica, N. Y., for pamphlet, free. For sale by Penny & McAllister, Druggists.
His Loss was Her Gain.
"Well, ma'am," said a fashionable physician to a wealthy lady patient, "if you don't like my prescription, perhaps you had better try Parker's Tonic or some other quack stuff." "You don't mean it, Doctor," she answered, "but your advice may be good for all that. Sometimes when you call 'quack stuff' in the best and most valuable medicine, after all." She got a bottle of Parker's Tonic and it cured her of nervousness arising from disordered stomach and nerves. She told her friends and now they all keep a doctor at home in the form of Parker's Tonic.
FREE DISTRIBUTION.
"What comes the great rush at McAllister's & Stagg's Drug Store?" The free distribution of sample bottles of Dr. Bosanko's Cough and Lung Syrup, the most popular remedy for Coughs, Colds, Consumption and Bronchitis now on the market. Regular size 50 cents and \$1.00.
JUST AS GOOD.
Many unscrupulous dealers may tell you they have remedies for Coughs and Colds equal in merit and in every respect just as good as the old reliable Dr. Bosanko's Cough and Lung Syrup, unless you insist upon this remedy and will take no other, you are liable to be greatly deceived. Price, 50 cents and \$1.00. Sold by McAllister & Stagg.
CURE FOR PILES.
Piles are frequently preceded by a sense of weight in the back, loins and lower part of the abdomen, causing the patient to suppose he has some affection of the kidneys or neighboring organs. At times, symptoms of indigestion are present, as flatulency, morbidness of the stomach, etc. A moisture, like perspiration, producing a very disagreeable itching, after getting warm, is a very common attendant. Blind, bleeding and itching Piles yield at once to the application of Dr. Bosanko's Pile Remedy, which acts directly upon the parts affected, absorbing the Tumors, relieving the itching and affording a permanent cure. Price 50 cents. Address the Dr. Bosanko Medicine Co., Piquette, Ohio. Sold by McAllister & Stagg.

Bob M'Elroy

At \$10 to insure, he is 15 1/2 hands high, 4 years old and will be paid for each mare one of the four best Jacks in Kentucky. He is a horse, quick and a little bit of a trick, but will be paid for each mare one of the four best Jacks in Kentucky.

Stallions for 1885.

ST. MARTIN,

Street Emma Manner, 10th St., Lexington, Ky. Will make the season of 1885 at my stable near Hustonsville, Ky.

AT TWENTY DOLLARS.

St. Martin is one of the most distinguished sons of Imp. Danston, among good race and good blood at all distances, and a few of his colts on the turf in past years. He is the best of the year, St. Martin is the highest type of a thoroughbred horse, standing over 16 1/2 hands high, splendidly proportioned, kind as a lamb and confident the best blood of England and America. By Imp. Danston, first dam Turkey, by Imp. Yorkshire; second dam Miss Martin, by Garrison's Zuluana, (son of Sir Archy, third dam Gabriella by Sir Archy, fourth dam Calypso, by Hecate, fifth dam (dam of Contention) by Imp. Dore Devil; sixth dam Eryne's Wildcat; seventh dam Pindilla, by A. M. & W. H. Smith; eighth dam Standish, by Imp. Danston; ninth dam by Imp. Danston; tenth dam by Imp. Danston; eleventh dam by Imp. Danston; twelfth dam by Imp. Danston. This is the best of the year, St. Martin is the highest type of a thoroughbred horse, standing over 16 1/2 hands high, splendidly proportioned, kind as a lamb and confident the best blood of England and America. By Imp. Danston, first dam Turkey, by Imp. Yorkshire; second dam Miss Martin, by Garrison's Zuluana, (son of Sir Archy, third dam Gabriella by Sir Archy, fourth dam Calypso, by Hecate, fifth dam (dam of Contention) by Imp. Dore Devil; sixth dam Eryne's Wildcat; seventh dam Pindilla, by A. M. & W. H. Smith; eighth dam Standish, by Imp. Danston; ninth dam by Imp. Danston; tenth dam by Imp. Danston; eleventh dam by Imp. Danston; twelfth dam by Imp. Danston. This is the best of the year, St. Martin is the highest type of a thoroughbred horse, standing over 16 1/2 hands high, splendidly proportioned, kind as a lamb and confident the best blood of England and America. By Imp. Danston, first dam Turkey, by Imp. Yorkshire; second dam Miss Martin, by Garrison's Zuluana, (son of Sir Archy, third dam Gabriella by Sir Archy, fourth dam Calypso, by Hecate, fifth dam (dam of Contention) by Imp. Dore Devil; sixth dam Eryne's Wildcat; seventh dam Pindilla, by A. M. & W. H. Smith; eighth dam Standish, by Imp. Danston; ninth dam by Imp. Danston; tenth dam by Imp. Danston; eleventh dam by Imp. Danston; twelfth dam by Imp. Danston. This is the best of the year, St. Martin is the highest type of a thoroughbred horse, standing over 16 1/2 hands high, splendidly proportioned, kind as a lamb and confident the best blood of England and America. By Imp. Danston, first dam Turkey, by Imp. Yorkshire; second dam Miss Martin, by Garrison's Zuluana, (son of Sir Archy, third dam Gabriella by Sir Archy, fourth dam Calypso, by Hecate, fifth dam (dam of Contention) by Imp. Dore Devil; sixth dam Eryne's Wildcat; seventh dam Pindilla, by A. M. & W. H. Smith; eighth dam Standish, by Imp. Danston; ninth dam by Imp. Danston; tenth dam by Imp. Danston; eleventh dam by Imp. Danston; twelfth dam by Imp. Danston. This is the best of the year, St. Martin is the highest type of a thoroughbred horse, standing over 16 1/2 hands high, splendidly proportioned, kind as a lamb and confident the best blood of England and America. By Imp. Danston, first dam Turkey, by Imp. Yorkshire; second dam Miss Martin, by Garrison's Zuluana, (son of Sir Archy, third dam Gabriella by Sir Archy, fourth dam Calypso, by Hecate, fifth dam (dam of Contention) by Imp. Dore Devil; sixth dam Eryne's Wildcat; seventh dam Pindilla, by A. M. & W. H. Smith; eighth dam Standish, by Imp. Danston; ninth dam by Imp. Danston; tenth dam by Imp. Danston; eleventh dam by Imp. Danston; twelfth dam by Imp. Danston. This is the best of the year, St. Martin is the highest type of a thoroughbred horse, standing over 16 1/2 hands high, splendidly proportioned, kind as a lamb and confident the best blood of England and America. By Imp. Danston, first dam Turkey, by Imp. Yorkshire; second dam Miss Martin, by Garrison's Zuluana, (son of Sir Archy, third dam Gabriella by Sir Archy, fourth dam Calypso, by Hecate, fifth dam (dam of Contention) by Imp. Dore Devil; sixth dam Eryne's Wildcat; seventh dam Pindilla, by A. M. & W. H. Smith; eighth dam Standish, by Imp. Danston; ninth dam by Imp. Danston; tenth dam by Imp. Danston; eleventh dam by Imp. Danston; twelfth dam by Imp. Danston. This is the best of the year, St. Martin is the highest type of a thoroughbred horse, standing over 16 1/2 hands high, splendidly proportioned, kind as a lamb and confident the best blood of England and America. By Imp. Danston, first dam Turkey, by Imp. Yorkshire; second dam Miss Martin, by Garrison's Zuluana, (son of Sir Archy, third dam Gabriella by Sir Archy, fourth dam Calypso, by Hecate, fifth dam (dam of Contention) by Imp. Dore Devil; sixth dam Eryne's Wildcat; seventh dam Pindilla, by A. M. & W